

ILAIBOR CILAIRION

LEADING ARTICLES—September 24, 1915

SCHMITZ REPUDIATED.

CONVENTION CALL.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE BANKING.

THE WORLD-WIDE WAR TRUST.

A POLITICAL WORD.

NAMED SHOES ARE FREQUENTLY MADE IN NON-UNION FACTORIES



DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp.

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union

246 Summer Street

BOSTON. MASS.

JOHN F. TOBIN, President CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

"New Center"



Market Fifth

Invites You to a Free Cooking School

MRS. T. B. WHEELOCK, Lecturer and Demonstrator

A cordial invitation is extended to the women of San Francisco and vicinity to attend the free course of lectures on Domestic Science now taking place in Hale's House Furnishing Goods Dept., Basement.

Mrs. T. B. Wheelock of St. Paul delivers a Cooking Lecture twice daily—at 10:30 and 2:30 o'clock. A menu is prepared in the presence of the class. changing each day.

There is much of interest and profit to be gleaned from these Lectures.

DAILY--10:30 and 2:30

The "Labor Clarion" is your paper, owned and controlled by you, and published in your interest. The merchants who advertise in this journal indicate friendship for you and a desire for your patronage. Those who do not advertise in these columns apparently care nothing for you or your patronage, therefore

Your Duty is Plain

Patronize those who patronize you. The merchants who advertise in this paper are patronizing you. Return the compliment. In this way you can make the "Labor Clarion" the best advertising medium in the State.

Demand the

Be Consistent

When buying cigars, shoes, hats or clothing, you ask for the union label. Then why not see that your union stationery bears the union label watermark of the Paper Makers? This commodity can be obtained in San Francisco.

Then Do It Now!

We make a specialty of Lapel Buttons for Unions, and make Special Prices when ordered several months or a year in advance.

Walter N. Brunt

PRINTING, BADGES, BANNERS, BUTTONS UNION LABEL WATERMARKED PAPER

880 Mission Street :: Phone Kearny 1966 At Fifth Street, near U. S. Mint and Emporium

The Official Journal of the San Francisco Labor Council:::

LABOR CLARION

The Official Journal of the California State Federation of Labor

VOL. XIV.

SAN FRANCISCO, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1915

No. 33

-:- -:- Schmitz Repudiated -:- -:-

The San Francisco Labor Council is not a political institution and takes no part in political affairs except where they have to do with the vital interests of the wage workers. It is the chief representative in San Francisco of the American Federation of Labor and charged with the duty of carrying out the principles and policies of that organization.

One of these political policies calls for the "rewarding of our friends and the defeat of our enemies."

In accordance with this policy the Labor Council last Friday night adopted the following resolution, deeming such action necessary to the preservation of the good name of the labor movement and the maintenance of the interests of the men and women of labor in this city:

"Whereas, Eugene E. Schmitz, three times elected mayor of San Francisco on the Union Labor party ticket, is again a candidate for said office and seeking the support of organized labor to repair his vanished honor and reputation at the ballot box; and,

"Whereas, Said Eugene E. Schmitz, ever since the day he was ousted from office under charges of rank and widespread civic corruption, has done nothing and suffered nothing to be done to clear himself of said charges; and,

"Whereas, No mere lapse of time or evasion by aid of legal technicalities to have said charges determined on their merits can efface from the mind and heart of union labor the terrible stigma cast upon it through its mistaken loyalty and support of Eugene E. Schmitz and his scandalous Board of Supervisors; and,

"Whereas, While ordinarily this Council assumes no right to select the political representatives and standard bearers of union labor, and disavows any organized connection with the political party known as the Union Labor party, yet, under the circumstances of this case, it deems itself in duty bound to denounce the present candidacy of Eugene E. Schmitz as a flagrant assault upon the intelligence, good sense and forbearance of the rank and file of union labor; wherefore,

"Resolved, That the San Francisco Labor Council, in conformity with its declaration and judgment concerning the Schmitz administration, publicly made and expressed on the twenty-third day of March, 1907, hereby repudiates, disavows and condemns the candidacy of Eugene E. Schmitz for another term as mayor of San Francisco, and that it hereby earnestly solicits all members and friends of union labor to oppose the nomination and election of Eugene E. Schmitz, in order that our movement may not be stigmatized and reproached under a misapprehension as to the part it plays in political affairs, and in order that it may earn the recognition and respect it craves both from the ranks of union labor and from the citizenship in general."

The resolution was adopted by the overwhelming vote of 96 to 6.

Because of the fact that Eugene E. Schmitz had formerly been a representative of organized labor and had been honored with the active and hearty support of the great rank and file of the labor movement of this city up to the time of the exposure of wholesale corruption on the part of municipal officials immediately following the disaster of 1906 it became necessary to inform the general public of his present status.

CONVENTION CALL.

Washington, D. C., September 13, 1915. To All Affiliated Unions, Greeting:

You are hereby notified that, in pursuance of the Constitution of the American Federation of Labor, the thirty-fifth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor will be held at Eagles' Hall, San Francisco, Cal., beginning 10 o'clock Monday morning, November 8, 1915, and will continue in session from day to day until the business of the convention has been completed.

Representation.

Representation in the convention will be on the following basis: From National or International unions, for less than 4000 members, one delegate; 4000 or more, two delegates; 8000 or more, three delegates; 16,000 or more, four delegates; 32,000 or more, five delegates; 64,000 or more, six delegates; 128,000 or more, seven delegates, and so on; and from central bodies and State federations, and from local trade unions not having a national or international union, and from Federal labor unions, one delegate.

Organizations to be entitled to representation must have obtained a certificate of affiliation (charter), at least one month prior to the convention; and no person will be recognized as a delegate who is not a member in good standing of the organization he is elected to represent.

Only bona-fide wage workers, who are not members of, or eligible to membership in other trade unions, are eligible as delegates from Federal labor unions.

Delegates must be selected at least two weeks previous to the convention, and their names forwarded to the Secretary of the American Federation of Labor immediately after their election.

Delegates are not entitled to seats in the convention unless the tax of their organization has been paid in full to September 30, 1915.

It is, of course, entirely unnecessary here to enumerate the important subjects with which our forthcoming convention will concern itself, but the reminder is not at all amiss that every effort must be made to broaden the field and means for the organization of the yet unorganized workers, to strive to bring about more effectually than ever a better day in the lives and homes of the toilers, to defend and maintain by every honorable means in our power the right to organize for our common defense and advancement, for the exercise of our normal and constitutional activities to protect and promote the rights and interests of the workers; and to assert at any risk the freedom of speech and of the press and the equal rights before the law of every worker with every other citizen; the tremendous conflict now being waged in Europe and its possible consequences and results, not only upon the people of European countries but upon the people of America, as well as on the whole civilized world, must of necessity receive the deepest solicitous consideration of the working people of America. How and what further action can be taken by the American labor movement to help bring about an early peace among the warring nations of Europe; how that peace can be secured with the establishment and maintenance of justice, freedom, and brotherhood the world over. These and other great questions of equal importance will, of necessity, occupy the attention of the San Francisco convention.

Therefore the importance of our movement, the duty of the hour and for the future, demand that every organization entitled to representation shall send its full quota of delegates to the San Francisco convention, November 8, 1915.

Do not allow favoritism to influence you in selecting your delegates. Be fully represented.

Be represented by your ablest, best, most experienced, and faithful members.

Credentials.

Credentials in duplicate are forwarded to all affiliated unions. The original credential must be given to the delegate-elect and the duplicate forwarded to the American Federation of Labor office, 801-809 G street Northwest, Washington,

The committee on credentials wil meet at the headquarters of the American Federation of Labor six days previous to the opening of the convention, and will report immediately upon the opening thereof at San Francisco; hence secretaries will observe the necessity of mailing the duplicate credentials of their respective delegates at the earliest possible moment to Washington,

Grievances.

Under the law no grievance can be considered by the convention which has been decided by a previous convention, except upon the recommendation of the Executive Council, nor will any grievance be considered where the parties thereto have not themselves previously held conference and attempted to adjust the same.

Railroad Rates.

Application was made for a reduced railroad rate on account of our convention, and in answer to same, we were advised of the special excursion fares to the Pacific Coast in connection with the Exposition that obtain for 1915, these being the best rates that could be granted.

Hotel Rates.

Hotel Sutter, corner Kearny and Sutter streets: 56 rooms without bath—single \$1.50, double, \$2 per day; 7 rooms without bath—single \$2, double \$2.50 per day; 36 rooms with bath-single \$3, double \$4 per day; 98 rooms with bath-single \$2.50, double \$3.50 per day; 21 rooms with bathsingle \$2, double \$3 per day; European plan.

Hotel Argonaut, Fourth street, near Market: \$1 to \$4 per day for each person; European plan. Hotel Lankershim, Fifth street, near Market: Single, \$1 per day, up; double, \$1.50 per day, up; single with bath, \$1.50 per day, up; double with

bath, \$2 per day, up; European plan. Reservations in any of the above hotels may be made by addressing John A. O'Connell, Secretary of the San Francisco Labor Council, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp streets, San Francisco.

Headquarters of Executive Council will be Hotel Sutter.

Delegates should notify John A. O'Connell, in advance, of the time of their arrival in San Francisco, and over which road they will travel.

If there be any further information regarding the convention, or arrangements for the convenience of the delegates, it will be communicated in a later circular or through the "American Federationist.' Fraternally yours,

SAML. GOMPERS, President.

FRANK MORRISON, Secretary.

James Duncan, first vice-president; James O'Connell, second vice-president; D. A. Hayes, third vice-president; Jos. F. Valentine, fourth vice-president; John R. Alpine, fifth vice-president; H. B. Perham, sixth vice-president; Frank Duffy, seventh vice-president; William Green, eighth vice-president; John B. Lennon, treasurer; Executive Council, American Federation of La-

Secretaries will please read this call at first meeting of their organization. Labor and reform press please copy.

MINE SAFETY RULES HEARING.

On Saturday, September 25, 1915, at 407 Underwood Building, 525 Market street, San Francisco, commencing at 9:30 a. m., the Industrial Accident Commission will hold the second public hearing to consider mine safety rules for California.

At the public hearing which was held on June 11th, 12th and 14th, a number of sections were sent back to the committee to be re-drafted. Most of the discussion will be on these redrafted sections.

O'FARRELL STREET
Bet. Powell and Stockton
MATINEE EVERY DAY

WEEK BEGINNING THIS SUNDAY AFTERNOON

AFTERNOON

"A TELEPHONE TANGLE" with Madge Caldwell and Company; IRWIN and JANE CONNELLY in "Sweethearts"; WILSON and LENORE, Novelty Entertainers; DEVINE and WILLIAMS in "The Traveling Salesman and the Female Drummer"; IROWN and McCORMACK, Pantomimic and Acrobatic Dancing; DURET and STEELE, in Song and Jest; ALICE LYNDON DOLL, with Mary Campbell and Jane Shaw in Musical Moments. Last week FOUR MARX BROTHERS and Company of Fifteen in "Home Again." NOTE—Election returns will be announced from the Stage Tuesday night.

Evening Prices, 10, 25, 50, 75c. Matinee Prices (Except Sundays and Holidays), 10, 25, 50c. PHONE DOUGLAS 70.

MATTIE M. BARKLEY

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER

TYPEWRITING

FING
Union Public Stenographer
565 PACIFIC BUILDING

Phone, Kearny 4997

SUMMERFIELD & HAINES

Cor. SIXTH and MARKET

CARHARTT OVERALLS

VISIT THE

ENGLISH COTTAGE

JUST COMPLETED ON OUR SECOND FLOOR

FOUR ROOMS OF FURNITURE

\$150

Good Sterling Furniture-Furniture that will look well, wear well and give years of service.

Pay \$2 a Week



In the Full Dinner Pail and at Home when Day's Toil is Done



Wieland's

THE HOME BEER

TO ORGANIZED LABOR:--

We, the undersigned, members of the Labor Organizations hereinafter mentioned, endorse the candidacy of

T. I. FITZPATRICK

POLICE JUDGE

As attorney for many years for various unions during labor controversies in San Francisco, we have always found him a true supporter of our cause, his services always being at our command; and request that your support be given him.

Andrew Furuseth
Sailors' Union of the Pacific
Paul Scharrenberg
Sailors' Union of the Pacific
Timothy A. Reardon
Steamfitters' Union No. 590
Michael Casey
Brotherhood of Teamsters
Daniel C. Murphy
Web Pressmen's Union and President of
San Francisco Labor Council
John J. O'Connell
Secretary of San Francisco Labor Council
W. H. Urmy
W. H. Urmy W. H. Urmy
Secy. and Treas. Building Trades Council of

Secy, and Treas, Building Trades Council of San Francisco

a Morgenthaler

President of Pacific District Council No. 3,
International Brotherhood of Electrical

Workers

J. McGuire

President of Light and Power Council

F. E. Davidson
Carmen's Union No. 518

Secretary, Carpenters' L. U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Carpenters' L. U. No.

115

E. Patrick Flynn
Secretary, Marine Firemen's Union

M. J. McGuire
President of Light and Power Council
Member of Boilermakers' Union No. 25

John J. McTiernan
Blacksmiths' Union No. 168
Patrick O'Halloran
Boilermakers' Union No. 25

S. T. Dixon
Secretary-Treasurer and Business Agent of Chauffeurs' Union No. 265

Selig Schulberg
Waiters' Local No. 30

J. C. McCaffery
Butchers' Local No. 508

Holds C. EVHS
Secretary, Carpenters' L. U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. V. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. V. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. V. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. U. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. V. No. 483

M. E. Waterman
Financial Secretary, Butchers' U. U. No. 483

M. D. M

F. E. Davidson
Carmen's Union No. 518

Frank Courtney
Brotherhood of Teamsters of San Francisco
C. J. Carroll
Brotherhood of Teamsters of San Francisco
James E. Wilson
Brotherhood of Teamsters of San Francisco
George Flatley
Electrical Workers' Union No. 151

John S. Wilson
Secretary, Pacific District Council No. 3, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers
Charles O. Mann
Local Union No. 537, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers
Charles O. Mann
Local Union No. 537, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers
Electrical Workers' Union No. 151

Thomas C. Evans
Secretary, Carpenters' L. U. No. 483
M. E. Waterman
Einancial Secretary, Carpenters' L. U. No. 886

Roe H. Baker
Barbers' Union No. 148

Denis Foley
Business Agent, Stationary Firemen's Union No. 86

Chas. J. Hawley
Secretary, Milkers' Union No. 8861

James R. Hopkins
Business Agent, Stationary Firemen's Union No. 86

Thomas C. Laundry Workers' Union No. 8861

James R. Hopkins
Business Agent, Stationary Firemen's Union No. 86

Thomas C. Laundry Workers' Union No. 8861

James R. Hopkins
Business Agent, Stationary Firemen's Union No. 86

Thomas C. Laundry Workers' Union No. 8861

James R. Hopkins
Business Agent, Stationary Firemen's Union No. 86

Thomas C. Evans
Business Agent, Stationary Firemen's Union No. 86

Thomas C. Evans
Business Agent, Stationary Firemen's Union No. 86

Thomas C. Evans
Business Agent, Stationary Firemen's Union No. 86

Thomas C. Evans
Business Agent, Stationary Firemen's Union No. 86

Thomas C. Evans
Business Agent, Stationary Firemen's Union No. 86

Chas. J. Hawley
Secretary, Laundry Workers' Union No. 8861

James R. Hopkins
Business Agent, Stationary Firemen's Union No. 86

Financisco Roe H. Baker Barbers' Union No. 148

istant Secretary, Marine Firemen's Union

S. F. Typographical Union No. 21

Thos. M. Cullen

Past Pres, Photo Engrayers' Union No. 8

Your Interests as a Unionist Will be Better Cared for

____by____ ANDREW J. GALLAGHER

AS MAYOR THAN BY THOSE WHO ARE OUTSIDE THE FOLD

Tried and True



Fearless and **Faithful**

ANDREW J. GALLAGHER IS A UNION MAN-VOTE FOR HIM

FOREIGN EXCHANGE BANKING. By Richard Caverly.

(No. 9.)

In the most civilized countries, particularly the English-speaking countries, the largest part of trade is carried on by means of bank credit.

This form of credit circulates by means of checks, and is, in the United States, of almost universal use to all large-scale dealings within a city or other area.

The use of bank credit, through checks or bank notes, is merely a means by which borrowers and lenders are brought together—the bank but an intermediary-that is, a means by which one person or firm can become a debtor successively to a second, third, fourth, fifth, and so on; so that money has only to pass from the first through the bank, or through two or more banks and a clearing house, to the last.

All the intermediate transactions may then cancel, or cancellation may at times be completed, so that no balance remains.

Cancellation of these serial and opposing debts thus becomes our principal means of carrying on modern business. And trade is still, in the last analysis, as in primitive barter or as where money is the medium, an exchange of goods for

We buy goods and become, in effect, debtors. We sell goods, and become creditors. The debts cancel and we have traded goods for goods. Bills of exchange enable us to extend this system of credit beyond the town or city, beyond the State, beyond the nation.

Business firms separated hundreds of miles from each other can become debtors and creditors of one another through the intermediation of the banking and exchange system.

The credit structure becomes international. Through the commercial and the exchange banks a New York firm can become, in effect, successively, the debtor of a London firm, another London firm, a Glasgow firm, a Berlin firm, a Boston firm, and another New York firm. That is, these different business houses successively become claimants of the banking system, through their receipts of checks or drafts from one another, or both, of the sum, or part of it, originally borrowed from a New York bank, as a deposit, by the first-mentioned New York firm.

In trade between nations, or between widely separated parts of the same nation, credit is used, debts in very large part cancelled, and money is used to a relatively small degree.

Bills of exchange or drafts serve in large part, then, the same purposes as ordinary checks. Over long distances, however, whether business crosses national boundaries or not, the "customers' check" is not likely to be satisfactory. The receiver may have hard work to cash it or to get for it an immediate addition to his bank balance. In the distant locality to which the check is sent nobody, probably, knows the maker well, or knows whether the maker's check is good.

In this regard the bank draft is superior. Foreign and domestic exchange are in principle

the same. The former involves payments between per-

sons in different countries which have, generally, different currencies and which are often separated from each other by natural barriers.

Domestic exchange involves dealing between different parts of the same country, but parts too far from each other for the ordinary, convenient use of checks. When you hear men advocating "keep your money at home," "patronize home industry," you may be sure they are ignorant of the laws of trade, and of economics.

Patronize "Labor Clarion advertisers. By the presence of their announcements in your paper they display their friendship toward organized labor. It is the duty of union men to return the favor by patronizing them.

OPPOSE McLERAN.

At a meeting of the Pacific Coast Water Front Federation, representing thirteen different unions, the following resolutions were unanimously

Whereas, There was introduced at the last session of the State Legislature a bi'l known as the "Dust Proof Cement Container Bill";

Whereas, This bill provided for the protection of the health of sailors and stevedores handling cement in sacks;

Whereas, One Ralph McLeran actively opposed the passage of the bill and telegraphed members of the last Legislature requesting and beseeching them to vote against this bill; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Pacific Coast Water Front Federation denounce such action of said Ralph McLeran as a most vicious and cowardly attack upon the membership of this Federation; be it

Resolved, That the secretary be directed to request all unions affiliated with the Labor Council and the Building Trades Council to vote against said Ralph McLeran in his candidacy for Sheriff and defeat at the Primary this enemy of organized labor; be it further

Resolved, That the president be directed to give such publicity to this action of this Federation as he deems best.

The hostility of McLeran towards organized labor has aroused a very deep feeling of resentment on the part of all members affiliated with the Water Front Federation.

M. T. DOYLE, Acting President, Pacific Coast Water Front Federation.

ORPHEUM.

"A Telephone Tangle" which heads the Orpheum bill next week is one of the merriest and most amusing farces ever presented to an audience. It makes a general appeal, for who is there that has not, and does not frequently have a telephone mix-up. The stage setting shows Central at work at the operator's busiest time. As the calls come rapidly in she makes the various connections. As each is made an illumination in the drop shows the operator's mistakes and the consequences that arise from them. Those favorite players, Erwin and Jane Connelly, will present Sir W. S. Gilbert's dramatic contrast "Sweethearts," which is one of the best comedies ever written and enables Mr. and Mrs. Connelly to distinguish themselves in a most delightful manner. Wilson and Lenore are a clever and versatile team who present an offering which includes song, dance, whistling and accordion playing, Devine and Williams will appear in a skit entitled "The Traveling Salesman and the Female Drummer" which is liberally interspersed with songs and comedy. Brown and McCormack excel in pantomimic and acrobatic dancing and Duret and Steele are versatile and popular entertainers. Next week will be the last of Alice Lyndon Doll with Mary Campbell and Jane Shaw in Moments Musical and the Four Marx Brothers and their company in their great hit "Home Again."

UNITED RAILROADS' EMPLOYEES.

The United Railroads' Band, celebrated for its unfairness to organized labor, will furnish music for the United Railroads' Employees' picnic, to be given at Glen Park, Friday and Saturday, September 24th and 25th, 1915; consequently the affair has been black-listed by the Musicians' Union, Local No. 6, A. F. of M. Members and friends of unionism are requested to support the musicians in their contention for a square deal, by detracting from the support of this picnic.

For Supervisor

Edward I. Wolfe

San Francisco's Champion in the State Senate for Eighteen Years

Indorsed by Union Labor

Always a Friend of Labor

San Francisco 159 Third St. 52 Third St. 241 Kearny St. 14 East St. 22-24 Sixth St.

19 Stockton St. 1251 Market St.

1251 Market St 18 Turk St. 658 Market St. 64 Fourth St. Oakland 520 12th St. 416 13th St. 713 Broadway 1112 Broadway 1537 S. Pab. A.

"Well Established for Quality"

MEADS

RESTAURANTS AND BAKERIES

Fleischmann's Yeast



ALWAYS DEPENDABLE For Sale at All Grocers



THE STANDARD FOR THIRTY YEARS

Lundstrom HATS

UNION MADE AND MADE HERE First in Quality First in Style

STORES

1126 Market 605 Kearny Factory, 1114 Mission

26 Third

Secure and Profitable

The wise man keeps part of his money in a reliable savings bank. If you are making money now why not put aside something for a rainy day?

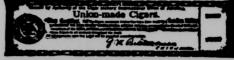
Humboldt Savings Bank

Savings and Commercial Depts.

783 Market St., near Fourth, San Francisco



SMOKE ONLY UNION-MADE



BLUE LABEL CIGARS

THE WORLD-WIDE WAR TRUST. From remarks of Clyde H. Tavenner.

It is interesting to note that the per capita apropriations by Congress for all purposes is elimbing up just about in proportion to the increased cost of the navy, as the following figures will show:

	All appropri-		
Year.	Navy a appropriations.	tions per	
1890	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 6.15	
1900	48,000,000	9.05	
1912	126,000,000	10.73	
1914	140,000,000	11.09	

t is pertinent to inquire where the millions that have been poured into militarism, to the enrichment of the armor and ammunition capitalists, came from. These millions were not picked in the streets, and they were not contributed by the rich. Our citizens have not contributed in proportion to their wealth, but the poor man has paid on an average almost as much as the rich; and since there are 99 poor to every rich man, it means that the millions that have piled up in the pockets of the armor-plate magnates have come from the pockets of the poor.

and this is the feature of militarism-gone-mad that strikes home the fact that the wasted millions did not come from an income or inheritance tax levied on those best able to bear the burden, none of it having been collected by a direct tax, but that practically every penny of the \$2,000,000,000 expended on the army and navy in the last ten years came through the custom houses and the internal revenue offices. Since custom houses and internal revenue offices do not levy taxes on men according to their wealth or ability to pay, but solely upon things the people eat, wear and use, it means that the people pay the armor-plate makers' bills in the increased cost of living.

Therefore it is but logical that the cost of livg must increase in proportion to the cost of militarism—and it does, as the table heretofore

given shows beyond successful contradiction. To make clearer my statement that the poor man has been paying almost as much toward defraying the expenses of the Federal government as the rich man, permit me to correct the impression of the average person that some part of the es he has been paying to his local tax collector been sent to Washington for the purpose of maintaining the Federal government. The truth

is that not one penny of the taxes we have been paying our local tax collectors has come to Washington. Every penny of such taxes has gone toward defraying the expenses of township, city, county and state. Therefore if a millionaire defraying the cost of the army and navy or maintaining the Federal government. The manner in and navy and meeting all other Federal exof increased cost of living.

present rates, and until there is a stiff Federal inheritance tax law, so that those who derive the greatest benefit from military expenditures will bear the heaviest burden of their cost, as they should, the poor man will continue to carry the heaviest load in proportion to his ability to pay, just as he always has done and just as the stone in the bottom of the wall bears more weight than its more fortunate brethren on the top.

BUTCHERS TO HOLD CONVENTION.

The California State Federation of Butcher Workmen will hold its fourth annual convention at Castle Hall, Twelfth and Franklin streets, Oakland, Sunday, October 3rd, at 10 a. m.

Many important matters for the interest of our organization will be taken up and all members interested in the welfare of the organization and its future advancement should attend this convention.

Local No. 120 of Oakland is making elaborate plans for entertainment of all who will attend.

At this convention delegates have been instructed that unless they can show at least five different kinds of labels on their wearing apparel they will not be seated as delegates as per resolution adopted at the last convention.

pays a heavy State tax none of it goes toward which the people have been supporting the army penses has been by paying increased prices for things eaten, worn or used. The local grocer and dry goods merchant have been the Federal tax collectors without knowing it, or without their average customer knowing it. To the extent that the average poor man eats the same amount of food as the rich man he has been paying as much tax. Funds for the maintenance of the army and navy, as well as all other Federal expenses, have thus in the past been raised wholly in the form It is true, of course, that we now have an income-tax law on the statutes, and this will help some; but until the tax on incomes in excess of \$10,000 annually is increased much above the

Kelleher @ Browne THE IRISH TAILORS

716 Market Street " at Third and Kearny

FALL STYLES ARE NOW **READY FOR YOUR** INSPECTION

OUR STRONG SPECIALTY SUITS - TO - ORDER \$25.00 to \$35.00

No better Made-to-Order Suits anywhere at the price nor as good :: ::



OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK

Union Hats

THAT'S ALL

"YOU KNOW ME"



orensen Co.



THE POPULAR PRICE JEWELRY STORE 715 MARKET ST., Nr. Call Bldg. SAN FRANCISCO JEWELERS--OPTICIANS

WATCHMAKERS

P.P.I.E. and SAN FRANCISCO **SOUVENIRS**

UNION STORE

BROWN & HENNEDY

FLORAL ARTISTS

Funeral Work a Specialty— Sixteenth St., nr. Valencia

By GEORGE MATTHEW ADAMS

"You can take command of yourself at any mement you desire to do so. Study and analyze your Abilities and Powers and muster them all inte your service. Fer you can make of yourself a tewering figure in the work of the world. No one owns you. One hundred per cent of the Stock in your personal Corporation belongs to you. The little people of Destruction that whine at your door, whine at the door of every forceful man. You can make them mere Pygmies in their Power ever your Future."

Power ever your Future."

This is a book which stimulates to action before a page is finished. It is concentrated energy and common sense. Dipping into it is like touching a live electric wire. It vitalizes.

Among the titles of these short, pithy articles are Silence, Health, Character, Mistakes, Ruts, Tegether, Time, Dare, Pay, Why, See, System, Dream, Be Prompt, and many ethers. Each puts forth a fundamental truth of right and efficient living in such plain and forceful language that it sticks. The author is himself the founder and head of a successful business.

75 cents net; postpaid, 85 cents

FREDERICK A. STOKES COMPANY PUBLISHERS



Packed by California Labor



Backed by California Capital



abor Clarion



Single Subscriptions....\$1.00 a year To unions subscribing for their entire membership, 80 cents a year for each subscription.

Single copies, 5 cents

Single copies, 5 cents
Changes of address or additions to
union's mail lists must come through
the secretary of each organization.
Members are notified that this is
obligatory.

Entered at postoffice, San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter.

JAMES W. MULLEN ...

Telephone Market 56

Office, S. F. Labor Temple, 2940 Sixteenth St.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1915.

Never, for lucre or laurels Or custom, though such should be rife, Adapting the smaller morals To measure the larger life!

-E. B. Browning.

California hunters who buy guns, powder and shot this year will feel the effects of the European war. Prices are still going up.

After a strenuous fight the Musicians' Union has won the contest with the theatre managers of Portland. A vigorous boycott brought the managers to their senses and they signed an agreement with the union.

A number of exchanges coming to our desk carry this heading: "Henry Ford denounces jingoes and urges workers to unite for peace." Did any one ever hear of Henry Ford urging his factory slaves to unite for their own protection? And in spite of the notoriety he has gained, they need protection against him.

Miss Doris Stevens of Nebraska says: "A man who opposes votes for women has a seventeenth century mind." We have long held the opinion that he either had no mind at all, or it was to be found in his purse. All employers of child labor are opposed to votes for women, because they know women will help put a stop to the slaughter

Governor Ferguson of Texas points out, in this language, the reason that every worker should be a member of the union of his craft: Labor must organize. Let me plead with every man who earns his living by honest toil to join some union. You can be just as honest outside of a union, but you will accomplish nothing by yourself. If you have more sense or influence, you ought to join the union to give your fellowman the benefit of your talents. If you have less sense than the average man, come in and let the union help you."

Through the decision of a circuit judge in South Dakota, that the legislature has the power to repeal a law enacted by direct vote of the people, there is indicated a question of great importance to the States which have adopted direct legislation, and affecting the whole case of the initiative and referendum. Obviously there must somewhere be a power to repeal, but whether greater power than that of submitting such laws to the referendum should be vested in the legislature is doubtful. Appeal has been taken from the decision, and the State Supreme Court will pass on the question.

A Political Word

For many years all printing done for the city and county of San Francisco bore the union label. The use of the label was made compulsory under the following resolution adopted by the Board of Supervisors:

"Resolved, By the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco, that as the City and County is required to pay full price for all printing, the heads of departments be instructed to patronize only printing establishments that pay full wages, and, as a guarantee thereof, all city and county printing hereafter shall bear the label or be done in offices entitled to the use of the label of the Allied Printing Trades Council of the City and County of San Francisco as registered with the Secretary of the State of California.

"Resolved, That the Printing Committee be instructed to award

all jobs for printing to union offices.

"Resolved, That all jobs for printing for this department and all jobs coming within the province of the Printing Committee shall be referred to at least two members of said committee before being awarded. And the Clerk is hereby directed to advertise this resolution in the 'Evening Post' newspaper, as required by law.

"In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, March 6, 1899.

"Adopted by the following vote:

"Ayes: Supervisors Holland, Perrault, Lackmann, Byington, Heyer, Deasy, Attridge, Aigeltinger.

"Noes: Supervisors Kalben, Black, Phelps, Collins.

"John A. Russell, Clerk.

"Published in the Evening Post,' March 7, 1899."

The Neal Publishing Company, after gaining the inside track on the printing of the Municipal Reports while a union office and entitled to the use of the label, forfeited the right to use the label through a controversy with the Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Unions. Thereafter the Allied Printing Trades Council, backed by the San Francisco Labor Council, endeavored to have the contract for printing these reports awarded to a union establishment, but without success, owing to the fact that a majority of the Board of Supervisors voted in favor of the Neal concern. Of this majority the following are at this time candidates for public office:

WILLIAM H. McCARTHY, RALPH McLAREN, J. EMMET HAYDEN, CHARLES A. MURDOCK, HENRY PAYOT, ALEXANDER T. VOGELSANG.

Had any one of these men stood by the union label it would have been impossible for the Neal Company to have received the contract.

The San Francisco Labor Council has condemned the action of these city officials and calls upon the voters of the city to vote against each of them in order that they may be fittingly rebuked for their stand in opposition to the interests of the wage workers of our city.

Remember these names and urge your friends and acquaintances not to vote for them. This is a matter of considerable consequence to the union men and women of San Francisco and should not be lightly passed by. If these candidates are successful the tendency will be to offer encouragement to others to follow their example, thus adding strength to the opposition to organized labor.

Be sure and vote on Tuesday next, and see to it that no vote that

you can influence goes to any one of these candidates.

FLUCTUATING SENTIMENTS

The man who will not accept advice is a fool, but not more so than one who must always be advised. Of the two evils, perhaps the former is the lesser. Strong men stand on their own feet, while the weakling must lean on someone else.

On the other side of the valley a group of red roofs and a belfry showed among the foliage; thence some inspired bellringer made the afternoon musical on a chime of bells. There was something very sweet and taking in the air he played, and we thought we had never heard bells speak so intelligently or sing so melodiously as these. . . . These as they sounded abroad, now high, now low, now with a plaintive cadence . . were always moderate and tunable and seemed to fall into the spirit of the still rustic places like the noise of a waterfall. I could have blessed . whoever may be concerned with such affairs in France who had left these sweet old bells to gladden the afternoon. At last the bells ceased and with their note the sun withdrew. The piece was at an end; shadow and silence possessed the valley.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Of interest in connection with the Tertiary gold-bearing river gravels of California is the story of the Calaveras skull. For a time this skull attracted much attention not only from people in California, but from scientific men the world over. It was reported to have been found in 1866, near the town of Angels, Calaveras County, at a depth of 130 feet, in Tertiary gravels underlying Tertiary lava. The finding of a human skull embedded in such deposits was for a time believed to indicate that man had been in existence in North America longer than had been supposed. Strange to say, the skull is of a higher type than skulls which, although known to antedate historic times, are known also to be much younger than the Tertiary. Although Prof. J. D. Whitney, then State Geologist, accepted the skull as a bit of genuine scientific evidence, it is generally believed by students of the antiquity of man that the Calaveras skull, while undoubtedly old, probably did not come from the auriferous gravels at all. (Overland Guidebook, Bulletin 612, U. S. Geological Survey.)

The Leo M. Frank case is one of world-wide interest. For one thing it illustrates admirably the habit of political courts in keeping their ears to the ground. The minority of the United States Supreme Court convinces us that the courts and the people of Georgia had little regard for ascertaining the real truth in the matter, and the majority by its decision merely acquiesced in the wishes of the State of Georgia. Had not Governor Slaton listened to the small, still voice of his conscience, he would, like Pilate, also have washed his hands of the whole affair, Leo M. Frank would have been legally executed and ail would have been well with the legal machinery of the State of Georgia. The case is a searchlight upon modern society. How far advanced is our age as compared with that of Pilate? Are we not in most cases as willing as Pilate to bow to public clamor, and dismiss the questions prompted by conscience with the same skeptical inquiry, "what is truth?" The exigencies of politics, the desire to uphold "law and order," to evade difficulties, are the same in all ages. Hence throughout the course of history, cases cited like that of Leo M. Frank remind us of the fallibility of judicial systems, and how little time improves upon the methods of the past.

WIT AT RANDOM

. Five-year-old Mary likes to see the funny pictures in the paper. She had the paper spread out on the floor looking at them when her father turned out the light. Mary was angry, and said, "You've got your nerve!" Then as she realized to whom she was speaking, she hastily added, "but you know your rights."—Chicago "Tribune."

The small girl walked thoughtfully into the house from the garden.

"Mother," said she, have green gooseberries legs?"

Mother laughed. "Of course they haven't, darling. What made you think so?"

The child looked more solemn than ever as she replied: "Well, then, I've been eating caterpillars!"

Vagrant—"Sir, I was captured in infancy by the Indians and reared in ignorance of all civilized usages."

"Well, what of it?"

"Why, I don't know how to lie, cheat, steal, boast, bluff, or toady, and I'm starving to death."

—"Life."

The train had stopped at a little rural community, and the gentleman farmer was admiring a flock of several hundred magnificent Leghorns that were scratching in a pasture beside the track. The gentleman farmer turned to the loudly dressed individual who sat beside him.

"They certainly have some fine stock in this section of the country," said the gentleman farmer. Do you know anything about chickens?"

"Know anything about chickens?" replied the loudly dressed man. "Say, are you trying to kid me? Why, I was manager of a burlesque company for ten years?"

The other evening, when calling for a friend I walked into the house unannounced, and was surprised to see my chum in the dining room reading aloud from a letter, while just back of him stood the Swedish hired girl with her hands over his ears.

Upon my asking for an explanation, the girl said: "I bane get a letter from my young man, and ay not know how to read, so Mr. Gant he read him for me."

"But why do you hold his ears?" I asked.

"Ay not like to have him hear what is in dot letter," she replied.—"National Monthly."

A Washington man celebrated his nephew's eighth birthday by taking the lad to a luncheon at a big hotel.

The youthful guest had not noticed that at the end of the luncheon his uncle had tendered a \$50 bill in payment; but the boy did notice that when the waiter returned he brought with him a plate upon which was piled a huge mound of greenbacks and silver.

With a longing glance at the money the boy leaned toward his uncle and said, "If you please, Uncle Tom, I'll have a plate of that, too.—"National Monthly."

A merchant who had been traveling some months was, on his return, informed of the death of a valued friend. A few days later he called upon the bereaved widow to offer expressions of sympathy. During the visit he remarked:

"I was a good friend of your late husband. Is there not something of his which I could have as a memento of him?"

She raised to him her velvety eyes, which a few moments before were moist with tears, and said: "How would I do?"

MISCELLANEOUS

THE THOUSANDTH MAN.

One man in a thousand, Solomon says, Will stick more close than a brother,

And it's worth while seeking him half your days
If you find him before the other.

Nine hundred and ninety-nine depend

On what the world sees in you,

But the Thousandth Man will stand your friend With the whole round world agin you.

-Rudyard Kipling.

AN HONEST MAN'S PRAYER.

Teach me that sixty minutes make an hour, sixteen ounces one pound, and one hundred cents one dollar.

Help me to live so that I can lie down at night with a clear conscience, without a gun under my pillow, and unhaunted by the faces of those to whom I have brought pain.

Grant, I beseech Thee—that I may earn my meal ticket on the square, and in doing thereof that I may not stick the gaff where it does not belong.

Deafen me to the jingle of tainted money and the rustle of unholy skirts.

Blind me to the faults of the other fellow, but reveal to me my own.

Guide me so that each night when I look across the dinner table at my wife, who has been a blessing to me, I will have nothing to conceal.

Keep me young enough to laugh with my children, and to lose myself in their play.

And then when comes the smell of flowers, and the tread of soft steps, and the crunching of the hearse's wheels in the gravel out in front of my place, make the ceremony short, and the epitaph simple: "Here lies a man."

BRANDS. By George Matthew Adams.

This is an age of brands and trademarks. You immediately know the quality and character of a product as soon as you note its brand or trademark. And because this is possible, it means economy, convenience and confidence.

What brand does your life represent?

Is it the "Sunshine" Brand, the "Grouch" Brand, the "Helpful" Brand, the "Unselfish" Brand, the "Thoughtless" Brand, the "Smile" Brand, the "Get There" Brand, the "Square" Brand? Think; what is your brand?

For the brand is stamped to you.

It may be on your face, maybe in your voice, your walk may show it, or your clothes, but the brand is there, somewhere, and even a child may be able to detect it.

What brand do you want the world to see on you?

Lincoln carried a brand. It was "Honest Abe." Such a brand can never outlive its usefulness. "Thoughtful Charlie," "Do Things Bill," "Shiftless Sammy," "Sunny Jim," "Always-Thinking-of Others Maggie" —every one carries a self-made brand.

What brand does you life represent?

Whatever your brand, be very sure that it really does stand for you, and the best that you are. If you have never thought of this brand business, think of it now. And when you have discovered what your brand is, and where you carry it, put your whole life back of it and make it stand for your largest deals. If your brand is worth while, self-advertise it.

Make your brand really represent the best that you are.

American Federation Newsletter

Have 100 Per Cent Union.

The Moving Picture Operators' Union of Houston, Texas, now boasts of a 100 per cent organization, after several years of constant agitation.

Laundry Workers Organize.

Three new locals of laundry workers at Bridgeport, Detroit and Kingsville, Texas, have been organized the past month, according to Secretary Harry L. Morrison, of the Laundry Workers' International Union. Several agreements have been renewed, in which wage increases and hour reduction have been secured.

Eight-Hour Day Assured.

At a meeting of State unionists, President Stremlau, of the Connecticut Federation of Labor, said: "We are today nearer the goal of the ambition of the trade union movement for a shorter workday, an agitation which has been carried on for many years. At last we see the dawning of the eight-hour day for workers in industry."

Schenectady Awake.

At Schenectady, the 14,000 persons employed in the General Electric Plant have decided that they want an eight-hour day and that it can best be obtained through the organizations affiliated to the American Federation of Labor. The General Electric Company is rushed with foreign and domestic orders. Officers of the local machinists' union do not anticipate any serious dispute that will require a stoppage of work to secure the eight-hour day.

Judge Denies Injunction.

Judge Hennings of the circuit court refused to grant an injunction to the restaurant employers of St. Louis in their effort to stop picketing of waiters and waitresses, where Local Unions Nos. 20 and 249 were conducting a strike for the union shop. This decision of Judge Hennings has been helpful to the interests of the waitresses. Many restaurants have since been unionized, shorter hours have been obtained, and wages have been increased for restaurant employees.

Bridgeport Girls Win.

A. F. of L. Organizers James E. Roach and Mrs. Mary Scully recently secured a satisfactory agreement with the Warner Brothers of Bridgeport, whereby the eight-hour day was secured, day workers to receive the same rate as they were previously paid for a fifty-five hour week. Minimum rates for beginners to be \$5.50 per week for a period of two weeks; piece work prices advanced 12½ per cent; obnoxious features of the old system of fines and demerits abolished; union shop established, and all future industrial adjustments to be made with the shop committee.

Corset Workers Organized.

A. F. of L. Organizers Roach and Mrs. Scully have organized the corset cutters of New Haven, Conn. This is the third union they have organized for the Ladies' Garment Workers. They held mass meetings for the purpose of organizing the women working in the three corset factories that employ a'out 3500 people. The A. F. of L. organizers in Bridgeport, Conn., have settled strikes involving 10,000 workers and all have secured eight hours with advance pay and recognition of shop committee of employees.

Teamsters' Good Contract.

At Thurber, Texas, after a few days' strike, Earl Ferguson, second vice-president of the Texas State Federation of Labor, and W. A. Ricks, president of Federal Labor Union No. 11449, secured with the Texas Pacific Coal Company what they term is "the best contract for teamsters in this country," the conditions being \$2.25 per day of eight hours for teamsters working their own team; wrench inspectors, \$3 per day; double time for Sundays and holidays, and a satisfactory dues check-off system. Over 60 teamsters and others were benefited.

Unionists Deny Report.

President Gompers has been notified by the Galveston Labor Council that "members of organized labor and their families suffered extremely from the recent storm," and asks that publicity be given a call for contributions to aid the distressed. In a signed letter to the American Federation of Labor executive it is stated that "the commercial interests have, through an extremely antagonistic and money-throttled press, sent absolutely false reports of conditions. Many of our members have had, through the horrible effects of the recent storm, their savings of a lifetime washed away. The mayor of our city has ignored our efforts to have him send out an official appeal because the 'interests' contend that it will ruin the property values of Gal-It is requested that all donations be forwarded care of J. J. McNally, box 261, Galveston, Tex.

Immigration Figures.

Immigration figures for July, just issued by the department of labor, would indicate that the minimum of immigration, because of the European war, has been reached. The figures for July, and the preceding five months, are as follows: July, 27,097; June, 28,499; May, 35,363; April, 31,765; March, 26,335; February, 28,704. Southern Europe furnished the largest number of immigrants during July-2448 from Greece and 1877 from Italy. England is third in the list with 1125, followed by Japan with 912; Ireland, 748; Portugal, 726, and France, 584. The unskilled included 4315 laborers, 1989 servants and 1137 farm laborers. Clerks and accountants totaled 592, carpenters and joiners, 385; tailors, 272; miners, 165. A majority of these immigrants were ticketed to the following States: New York, 6285; Massachusetts, 1860; California, 1786; Michigan, 1689; Pennsylvania, 1070; Washington, 932; Illinois, 839; Texas, 767, and Ohio.

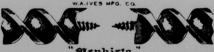
Victorious Longshoremen.

General Organizer Hugh Frayne reports that the International Longshoremen's Association, through President O'Connor, has secured the first agreement that has ever been made with any of the steamship agents or the stevedores in the port of New York City. They have succeeded in writing union shop agreements with practically every one of the employing longshoremen in the port of New York and as a result, 3000 additional members have been taken into the locals of the International Longshoremen's Association. One of the oldest independent longshoremen's organizations has gone out of existence and affiliated its members with the international. Conditions in the agreement call for 35 cents per hour, day work; 50 cents per hour, night work; 50 cents per hour for ordinary holidays and 60 cents per hour for Sundays, Christmas Day and Fourth of July. When Longshoremen are required to work on Good Friday on the Jersey shore, 60 cents per hour will be the rate. Double time will be paid for men handling explosives and munitions of war.

"Mephisto' Auger bits

THE BIT YOU DO NOT PUSH

FULLY GUARANTEED



The Only UNION MADE Bit on the Market

"Mephista" Bits will be sold by:

CHAS. BROWN & SONS, 871 Market Street, San Francisco UNITED BUILDERS SUPPLY Co., 687 Mission Street, San Francisco

W. J. DONNELLY,
75 Fourth Street, San Francisco
DIMMER HARDWARE CO.,
1605 Polk Street, San Francisco
JOOST BROTHERS,
1274 Market Street, San Francisco

S. F. HARDWARE CO., 3043 Sixteenth Street

LOOK OUT FOR



Phone Market 2355

Yosemite, Lager on Draught

John Wiese
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS
3036 SIXTEENTH STREET

Above Mission

San Francisco, Cal.

Herman's Hats

UNION MADE

.60

2396 Mission St.

at Twentieth

Phone Market 3285

P. BENEDETTI, Manager

UNION FLORIST

Formerly of 25 Fourth Street
Funeral Work a Specialty at Lowest Prices
Orders Promptly Attended to
3017 SIXTEENTH STREET NEAR MISSION ST.

The San Francisco Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis holds a clinie for worthy patients each Monday evening at 70 clock in the ro-ms at 1547 Jackson Street, between Polk and Larkin. Any man or woman unable preason of employment te attend the morning clinics, and desirous of securing expert medical attention, is invited to be present.

Industrial Accident Commission
UNDERWOOD BUILDING

525 MARKET STREET

COOPERS' CONVENTION.

The annual convention of the International Coopers' Union opened last Monday morning in convention hall of the Labor Temple with a large number of delegates in attendance.

The delegates were addressed by Andrew J. Gallagher, Paul Scharrenberg and John A. O'Connell.

After the appointment of the necessary committees the convention adjourned for an automobile tour of the Santa Clara Valley, which was thoroughly enjoyed by the visitors who marveled at the wonderland through which they passed. A number of other entertainment features provided by the local committee met with the hearty appreciation of the delegates and guests during the week.

The principal question before the convention is that having to do with the jurisdiction over coopers employed in breweries. Secretary Hebner of the Brewery Workers is attending the convention and indications are that a satisfactory adjustment will be reached.

The prohibition question, and its hurtful influences upon the trade, is also a matter that is being seriously considered.

WARNING.

The California Fish and Game Commission will not recognize any receipt for money paid in lieu of any hunting or fishing license.

All persons holding such receipts must procure legal licenses or they will be liable to arrest.

Hunting License Act. Section 1. "Every person in the State of California who hunts, pursues or kills any of the wild birds or animals, excepting predatory birds or animals, without first procuring a license therefor, as provided by this act, is guilty of a misdemeanor."

Anglers' License Act. Section 1. "Every person over the age of eighteen years who, in the State of California, takes, catches, or kills any game fish for any purpose other than for profit, without first procuring a license therefor, as provided in this act, is guilty of a misdemeanor."

Section 431 of the Penal Code provides:

"Every person who uses or gives any receipt, except that prescribed by law, as evidence of the payment of any poll tax, road tax, or license of any kind, or who receives payment of such tax or license without delivering the receipt prescribed by law, or who inserts the name of more than one person therein, is guilty of a misdemeanor."

IRON WORKER'S TALK.

President Joseph E. McClory of the International Union of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers was called upon for a talk at the meeting of the Labor Council last Friday night. Intense enthusiasm was aroused when President McClory, reviewing the bitter fight which the Steel Trust had waged for a dozen years against the iron workers, stated that the latter's organization had manfully withstood all assaults, and today was stronger both numerically and financially than ever before in its history. The big, good-natured official became dramatic at times, as he described how the great billionaire combine had sworn to crush all labor organizations; how it had perverted law, encouraged perjury, corrupted politics, bribed and bulldozed in its bitter, relentless war upon the organization of the workers. He pointed out that such powerful organizations as the Amalgamated, the Tin Plate Workers and the Coal Miners, in so far as they came into contact either directly or indirectly with the trust, were harassed, and finally destroyed. Only the iron workers' organization remained, and it, too, would have been crushed were it not for the splendid fight put up.

James Curran, who has been doing organizing work for his union in the Hawaiian Islands, also addressed the Council.

A TERRIBLE DISCLOSURE.

The United States Public Health Service has recently made a special study and examination of the health of persons engaged in the garment industry of New York City. In its report it says that the Joint Board of Sanitary Control of the Industries and the various labor unions connected therewith joined in the study and cooperated in the investigation and performance of the United States officials. Two thousand male workers and one thousand female workers were examined and a trifle over 2 per cent of the total number of persons examined were found free from physical defect or disease. A total of 13,457 defects of all kinds were found, 9451 defects being among the males and 3916 among the females. The examination disclosed an average of 4.36 physical defects or disease to each person examined. While all of the defects were not serious, many of the physical conditions produced an injurious effect upon the individual. It was discovered, however, that there were no vocational diseases peculiar to the garment trades, but the industry being sedentary, it intensified the bad effects upon health and efficiency of certain inherent physical defects and diseases.

The prevalence of tuberculosis among males was found to be ten times that in the United States army. Among females tuberculosis was three times the army rate. The most damaging effect disclosed was that the dreaded White Plague was most prevalent among the lowest paid class of workers.

Aside from tuberculosis, the most common physical troubles were defective vision, 69 per cent; faulty posture, 50 per cent; chronic nose and throat complaints, 26 per cent; defective teeth, 26 per cent; weak and flat feet, 26 per cent; diseased tonsils, 15 per cent; defective hearing, 10 per cent; nervous affections, 7.75 per cent. Only 11 per cent suffering with bad eyesight wore glasses and only 2.35 per cent of these had glasses which fully corrected the defects.

The inspectors were led to conclude that a large number of the garment workers' afflictions arose from ignorance or neglect of personal hygiene. Proper methods of instruction were recommended for the better education of such sedentary workers in personal hygiene, especially the correction of visual defects, correct posture of habits and if better instruction is afforded school children in these principles, improved health results would be more quickly obtained.

In thirty-four of the work shops a careful investigation was made of the light at the stations in the shops where the workers are located. Over one-half of the working stations, 1800 in all, were found to possess inadequate illumination. The light from windows was obstructed by piles of garments. They were unclean and poorly arranged. Unshaded lamps and bad reflectors were used in many cases either too high or too low to afford proper light. More large units for local illumination should be used and few smaller units.

Additional reports will be made in the future by the Public Health Service with regard to health and hygienic conditions of workers in other trades.

Reading Milton is like dining off gold plate in a company of kings; very splendid, very ceremonious, and not a little appalling. Him I read but seldom, and only on high days and festivals. Him I never lay down without feeling my appreciation increased for lesser men—never without the same kind of comfort that one returning from the presence feels when he doffs respectful attitude, and dress of ceremony, and subsides into old coat, familiar arm-chair, and slippers.—Alexander Smith.

LENDS EDUCATIONAL EXPERT.

The State Commission of Immigration and Housing has successfully closed negotiations with the U. S. Government for the loan of one of its leading experts in education, Mr. Luther Parker, industrial inspector of education for the Philippine Islands. Mr. Parker assisted in the compilation of the Philippine public schools' exhibit at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, and during the past few months has been representing the Philippine Bureau of Education at the Exposition.

Parker has been granted a year's leave of absence from his regular work and has been detailed to assist the State Immigration Commission in formulating a program of education for immigrants. The commission has made general surveys of the educational facilities provided for adult immigrants and has found the State woefully lacking in this respect. Little or no provision has been made for teaching immigrants the English language, and no courses in citizenship training have been given except in one or two localities. The commission announced some time ago its intention to bring about a change in this situation, and now plans to place California in the front rank among the States that are striving to do somet' ing of a constructive nature in aiding and encouraging the assimilation of America's millions of immigrant al'ens.

The employment of Parker by the commission marks the end of several months' search for a man of technical and practical experience to take charge of this education work. Parker is a Californian but has been in the Bureau of Education in the Philippines for fourteen years. He has received practical training in the teaching of English and civics to foreigners.



ELECT JOHNNY HYNES YOUR SUPERVISOR

Member Musicians' Union Local 6 Delegate Labor Council



San Francisco Labor Council

Synopsis of Minutes of the Regular Meeting Held September 17, 1915.

Meeting called to order at 8:15 p. m., by President Murphy.

Roll Call of Officers—Vice-President Brouillet absent. Bro. F. O'Brien appointed Vice-President pro tem.

Reading of Minutes — Minutes of previous meeting approved as printed.

Communications—Filed—From Grocery Clerks, enclosing complimentary tickets to ball to be held September 23d. From Retail Clerks No. 432, enclosing list of stores remaining open on Labor Day. From Riggers' and Stevedores' Union, relative to appointing committee for the purpose of advancing the interest of labor.

Referred to Secretary—From Central Labor Council of Oakland stating that Piedmont Park, Oakland, is unfair.

Referred to Financial Secretary—Communication from Printing Pressmen relative to reduction of delegates.

Referred to District Council of Iron Workers—Communication from Secretary of Local No. 173, B. & S. I. W., of Honolulu, H. İ., relative to Brother Curran.

Resolutions signed by a number of delegates repudiating and denouncing the candidacy of Eugene E. Schmitz for Mayor, reaffirming former action of Council of March 23, 1907, were submitted. Moved that resolutions be adopted; carried, 96 in favor, 6 against.

Whereas, Eugene E. Schmitz, three times elected Mayor of San Francisco, on the Union Labor party ticket, is again a candidate for said office, and seeking the support of organized labor to repair his vanished honor and reputation at the ballot box; and

Whereas, Said Eugene E. Schmitz, ever since the day he was ousted from office under charges of rank and widespread civic corruption, has done nothing and suffered nothing to be done to clear himself of said charges; and

Whereas, No mere lapse of time, or evasion by aid of legal technicalities to have said charges determined on their merits, can efface from the mind and heart of union labor the terrible stigma cast upon it through its mistaken loyalty and support of Eugene E. Schmitz and his scandalous Board of Supervisors; and

Whereas, While ordinarily this Council assumes no right to select the political representatives and standard-bearers of union labor, and disavows any organized connection with the political party known as the Union Labor party, yet under the circumstances of this case it deems itself in duty bound to denounce the present candidacy of Eugene E. Schmitz as a flagrant assault upon the intelligence, good sense and forbearance of the rank and file of union labor; wherefore

Resolved, That the San Francisco Labor Council, in conformity with its declaration and judgment concerning the Schmitz administration, publicly made and expressed on the 23d day of March, 1907, hereby repudiates, disavows and condemns the candidacy of Eugene E. Schmitz for another term as Mayor of San Francisco, and that it hereby earnestly solicits all members and friends of union labor to oppose the nomination and election of Eugene E. Schmitz, in order that our movement may not be stigmatized and reproached under a misapprehension as to the part it plays in political affairs, and in order that it may earn the recognition and respect it craves both from the ranks of union labor and from the citizenship in general.

President Joseph McClory of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers addressed the Council on the work of the international union throughout the country, which was enjoyed by all.

Brother James Curran spoke at this time of the conditions prevailing in the Hawaiian Islands.

Label Section-Minutes read and filed.

Report of Executive Committee—On the application from Waiters' Union for a boycott on Childs' Dairy Lunch, and matter of Lankershim hotel, committee referrred this matter to a committee of three consisting of Bros. Casey, Johnson and O'Connell to investigate and report. Report of committee concurred in.

Report of Law and Legislative Committee—In the matter of resolutions submitted by Pacific Coast District of the International Longshoremen's Association, relative to abuses of courts in labor cases, committee submitted amended resolution. Moved to adopt amended resolution; carried. Committee will report on the matter of resolutions submitted by Delegate J. W. Mullen relative to proposed changes in the immigration laws and policies of the United States, on Friday evening, October 1st. Report of committee concurred in.

Whereas, The Federal Commission on Industrial Relations has confirmed the experience of labor in regard to the absolute domination by organized wealth over the courts and the machinery for administration of law and justice in many States; for instance, by the Rockefeller and Standard Oil interests in Colorado, the copper magnates of Michigan, the coal operators in West Virginia and the Steel Trust and erectors' syndicates in Indianapolis and Los Angeles; and

Whereas, The evidence gathered by said commission and labor's experience in many celebrated cases, such as those of John Lawson in Colorado, Ford and Suhr in California, the structural ironworkers in Indianapolis, Joe Hill in Utah, and Caplan and Schmidt in Los Angeles, prove the existence of a well-planned and relentless conspiracy on the part of organized wealth to crush the labor movement in all its branches and manifestations, with the aid of the courts and the use of certain ancient and worn-out legal doctrines, among which are those relating to conspiracy, constructive murder, accessory before the fact, intimidation, interference, secondary boycott, etc.; and

Whereas, The time-honored institutions of legal procedure, such as the grand jury system, right of trial by jury, change of venue, bail, and rules of evidence, all of which have been provided to safeguard and protect accused persons from cruel despotism and injustice, are now being constantly abused and perverted at the beck and will of capital, to intimidate and enslave labor; and

Whereas, Through such perversion of law and procedure organized wealth is permitted to single out and punish the active spirits in the labor movement, by holding them responsible for the acts of other persons involved in an industrial disturbance, without the necessity on the part of the prosecution to prove actual knowledge of or participation in the crime by the defendant, which legal condition is an anachronism and modern revival of the old procedure in cases of treason against the king; and

Whereas, This persecution of labor by organized wealth in the courts constitutes the greatest existing grievance and menace affecting organized labor, and it behooves the labor movement as a whole to take cognizance thereof and provide necessary defensive means to counteract these evil conditions; therefore be it

Resolved, That the convention of the American Federation of Labor, convening at San Francisco this coming November, be and is hereby most earnestly requested to take this matter up for thorough consideration and action by and through its executive council, so as to restore to labor in the courts impartial administration of law and justice and purge the judicial system of existing abuses; and further



HALL, THEATRE, SCHOOL AND CHURCH SEATING.
LODGE AND OFFICE FURNITURE.
The following are a few of the Labor organizations in San Francisco which we have equipped with furniture and seating Labor Temple,
Electrical Workers, Carpenters.

Master Plumbers,
Calf on, or write us for estimates.
C. F. WEBER & CO.,
365-367 Market St. 512 So. Broadway
San Francisco Los Angeles.
340 No. Virginia St., Reno, Nev.

SNWOOD & CO

MARKET AND FOURTH STS., SAN FRANCISCO

Largest Coast Outfitters for MEN AND WOMEN

Safest and Most Satisfactory Place to Trade

VOTE AGAINST PROHIBITION!

DEMAND



THIS IS OUR LABEL

PERSONAL LIBERTY

Ask for this Label when purchasing Beer, Ale or Portar,

As a guarantee that i

YOUR OPPORTUNITY to Do Good and Make the World Better

By insisting that your tailor place this label in your garment you help to abolish the aweat shep and shild labor. You assist in decreasing the hours of labor and increase the wages



Labels are to be found within Inside coat pocket, Inside pocket of vest, and under the watch pocket in trousers.

UNION-MADE CUSTOM CLOTHES COST NO MORE

CAN'T BUST'EM

OVERALLS & PANTS

ARGONAUT SHIRTS

EAGLESON & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Union Label Shirts and Underwear

WE SELL

BELL BRAND UNION LABEL COLLARS AND CUFFS
HANSEN'S UNION LABEL GLOVES
UNION LABEL UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY
UNION LABEL GARTERS AND SUSPENDERS
UNION LABEL NECKWEAR AND ARMBANDS
UNION LABEL COOKS' AND WAITERS' SUPPLIES

1118 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

Alse Los Angeles and Sacramente

Resolved, That in furtherance of the purport hereof the executive council be authorized and directed as soon as practicable after the adjournment of said convention, to establish in such manner and under such regulations as it may adopt a general defense fund, the object of which shall be to provide legal defense in labor cases of general importance and interest, said fund to be maintained on a per capita basis by every organization affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

New Business-Moved to instruct the law and legislative committee to take up matter of position of Governor in the Ford and Suhr case; lost, 25 against, 6 in favor. Delegate Schulberg served notice that he would move for reconsideration at the next meeting.

Receipts—Retail Delivery Drivers, \$12; Marine Firemen, \$60; Cooks' Helpers, \$56; Laundry Wagon Drivers, \$16; Cigar Makers, \$16; Garment Cuttters, \$4; Hoisting Engineers, \$24; Beer Bottlers, \$12; Mailers, \$8; Stereotypers, \$8; Steam Fitters No. 509, \$8; Beer Drivers, \$32; Plasterers No. 66, \$8; Molders, \$20; Sailors, \$40; Butchers, \$16; Steam Fitters No. 590, \$8; Waitresses, \$28; Upholsterers, \$12; Ice Wagon Drivers, \$8; Musicians, \$32; Barbers, \$32; Printing Pressmen, \$12; Carpenters No. 483, \$40; Milkers, \$8; Bakers, \$32; Machine Hands, \$4; Bay and River Steamboatmen, \$24; Alaska Fishermen, \$80; Rammermen, \$8; Retail Shoe Clerks, \$24; Tailors No. 80, \$16; Bottle Caners, \$4; Label Section, \$14; convention fund, \$105. Total receipts, \$831.

Expenses—Secretary, \$40; office postage, \$5; Labor Day expenses, \$5.50; stenographers, \$51; Theodore Johnson, \$25; R. I. Wisler, badges for Labor Day, \$12.60; E. S. Lancaster, carbon paper, \$2.50; Label Section, \$14; C. F. Grow, Schmidt and Caplan fund, \$479.50. Total expenses, \$635.10. Council adjourned at 10.45 p. m.

Fraternally submitted, JOHN A. O'CONNELL, Secretary. P. S.-Members of affiliated unions are urged to demand the union label upon all purchases.

LABEL SECTION. Minutes of the Regular Meeting Held September 15, 1915.

Meeting called to order at 8:30 p. m. by President W. G. Desepte.

On roll call of officers Vice-President May Cummings and Trustee C. M. Erickson were noted absent, the vice-president being excused.

The minutes of the previous meeting were ap-

Communications — Filed — From Coopers' Union No. 65, informing the Section that the K. C. baking powder is unfair and requesting members of organized labor to look for the Coopers' union label on bottled whisky, stating that Jesse Moore whisky, bottled by Jesse Moore Hunt Company of San Francisco, is the only brand bearing the union label. From Delegate E. J. Frazer, excuse for not attending meeting.

Referred to Bill Posters' Union-From various candidates, in behalf of employing members of their organization.

Referred to Secretary, with instruction to ask for information—From Window Shade Workers' Union, in regard to stamp on shades.

Complied With-From Baltimore Typographical Union No. 12, requesting to send communication in regard to union printing to B. C. Allen, Esq., secretary Naval Institute, Annapolis, Md. From Ladies' Auxiliary, to appoint Mrs. L. Schofield as organizer.

Bills-1,000 letterheads and 1,000 envelopes, \$8.50; printing 1,000 postals, and stamping ink, \$2.75; Mattie M. Barkley, multigraphing, \$3.40; salaries to officers for September, postage and expenses, \$23.85.

Reports of Unions-Sheet Metal Workers, reported that utensils used in bakeries and dairies

do not bear the union label and that men are employed in those establishments repairing those utensils who are not union men. Photo-Engravers reported that they have complied with the request of the Section and appointed a committee to present suggestions in regard to advertising the label, card and button. Cigar Makers reported likewise. Laundry Wagon Drivers reported that they had elected a new delegate.

Reports of Committees - Agitation committee reported that they have instructed the Secretary to send out communications to all unions in regard to advertising the label, card and button; concurred in.

Trustees reported favorably on bills, and same were ordered paid.

Ladies' Auxiliary reported that they have elected Mrs. J. H. Smith as Secretary.

New Business-Secretary instructed to have 1.000 receipts printed: to communicate with Bakers and Milk Wagon Drivers and Milkers' unions in regard to the Sheet Metal Workers' Union; to communicate with Bindery Women, Garment Workers, Laundry Workers and Waitresses, requesting them to attend to the meetings of the Ladies' Auxiliary.

Respectfully submitted,

Meeting adjourned at 10:30 p. m.

E. GUTH, Secretary.

CIVIL SERVICE OPENINGS.

In connection with the "Safety First" campaign of the State Industrial Accident Commission, need has arisen for additional inspectors of boilers and elevators at salaries of \$1620 per annum. To meet this need the State Civil Service Commission has announced examinations for boiler inspector and elevator inspector, to be held in San Francisco and Los Angeles, October 2, 1915.

Applicants as boiler inspector must have familiarity with various types of boilers, and must display a good practical knowledge of general boiler construction, inspection, maintenance and repair. Applicants as elevator inspector must be familiar with recognized types of elevators, and must have had sufficient experience in making actual inspections to be able to report completely upon the safe operating condition of any elevator.

Application blanks and further information may be secured from the State Civil Service Commission, Forum building, Sacramento. Completed applications must be filed with the commission on or before September 25, 1915.

The Commission also announces another examination for graduate nurse, to be held in Sacramento, San Francisco and Los Angeles, October 12-13, 1915. The examination is open to all American citizens residing in California who are registered nurses in the State of California or who are candidates for the examination for registered nurse to be given by the State Board of Health on October 12-13, 1915, and who are 20 years of age or over on the date of the examination.

The State employs graduate nurses in the five State hospitals for the insane, the Sonoma State Home, the Veterans' Home, the Whittier State School, the Preston School of Industry, and the California School for Girls. Entrance salaries range from \$50 to \$55 per month, with room, board and laundry in addition. State service has the advantage of being steady, and the opportunities for advancement are good.

Application blanks and further information may be secured from the State Civil Service Commission, Forum building, Sacramento. Completed applications must be filed with the Commission on or before October 7, 1915.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow. Those who advertise in the "Labor Clarion" patronize you. Deal with them and tell them why.

Clarion Call to Men Who Labor



Buy your Shoes from the Store owned and controlled by members of Local 216, employed in the only Union Stamp Factory in the city.

BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MEN AND BOYS

CPEN TILL 6 P. M.
OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS

UNION LABEL SHOE CO.

2267 MISSION ST.

Bet. 18th and 19th



Demand the Union Label



On Your Printing, Bookbinding and Photo Engravings

If a firm cannot place the Label of the Allied Printing Trades Council on your printing it is not a Union Concern.

German Savings and Loan Society

Incornorated 1868 526 CALIFORNIA STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Member of the Associated Savings Banks of San Francisco The following Branches for Receipt and Payment of Deposits Only:

MISSION BRANCH, S. E. Cor. Mission and 21st Sts. RICHMOND DIST. BRANCH, S.W. Cor. Clement & 7th Ave. HAIGHT ST. BRANCH, S.W. Cor. Haight & Belvedere Sts.

JUNE 30th, 1915:

Assets
Deposits
Capital Actually Paid Up in Cash...
Reserve and Contingent Funds....
Employees' Pension Fund
Number of Depositors

Office Hours: 10 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., except saturdays to 12 o'clock M. and Saturday evenings from 6 'clock P. M. for receipt of deposits only.

For the 6 months ending June 30th, 1915, a dividend to epositors of 4 per cent per annum was declared.

There are two kinds of whiskey WHISKEY

OLD GILT EDGE And-well, what's the use?

Rye

Bourbon



SEE that the BAR-TENDER who waits on you wears one of these Buttons for the Current Month.

Allied Printing Trades Council

525 MARKET STREET, ROOM 703. FERDINAND BARBRACK, Secretary. Telephone Douglas 3178



September, 1915

LIST OF UNION LABEL OFFICES.

••In	otype Machines.	
†M	ertype Machines. notype Machines. pulex Machines	
(34)	rt Printery410 Fourteent	h
(126) (48)	Saldwin & McKay166 Valenci	t
$\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 82 \end{pmatrix}$	Barry, Jas. H. Co1122-1124 Missio	n
(73)	Belcher & Phillips	d
(196)	Borgel & Downie	d
(69)	Brower & Co., Marcus346 Sansom Brunt. Walter N880 Missio	e
(220)	Buckley & Curtin	t
(220) (176) (71) (87) (39)	California Press	e
(87)	hase & Rae	o
(22) (179)	olonial Press	d
(179) (18) (46)	Donaldson Publishing Co568 Cla Cagle Printing Company4319 Twenty-thir	y
(46) (54)	Sastman & Co	y
(62)	Cureka Press, Inc	e
(203) (92)	Franklin Linotype Co	e
(75)	ille Co. 2257 Missio	n
(17) (140)	oodwin Printing Co42 Secon	d
$\binom{190}{5}$	riffith, E. B	a
(58) (58) (27) (127)	Gutstadt-Monahan311 Batter	y
(127) (20) (158)	Halle, R. H	h
(158)	Jansen Printing Co. 259 Natom	a
(60) (216) (150)	Tughes Press 2040 Pol	nk
(168)	*Lanson & Lauray534 Jackso	n
(227) (108)	evison Printing Co1540 Californi	ea
(45) (135)	diss, H. C	a
(23) (175)	Tajestic Press	Sh
(37)	Iarshall, J. C	d
(68) (206)	litchell & Goodman 362 Cla	У
(24)	Iorris & Sheridan Co	e
(72)	IcCracken Printing Co806 Lagun	oa
(24) (96) (72) (80) (55) (91) (117)	IcNeil Bros	se
(117)	Iullany & Co., George215 Leidesdor	ff
(208) (43) (187)	Neubarth & Co., J. J509 Sansom levin, C. W154 Fift	e
(187) (59)	Pacific Ptg. Co	t
(81)	Pernau Publishing Co	t
(64)	Richmond Banner, The320 Sixth Ave	e.
(61)	Rincon Pub. Co	n
(218)	Rossi, S. J	n e.
(80) (145)	anders Printing Co443 Pin S. F. Newspaper Union818 Missio	e
$ \begin{pmatrix} 152 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} $	outh City Printing CoSouth San Francisc hannon-Conmy Printing Co509 Sansom	o e
(15) (125)	implex System Co	e
(52)	Stacks & Peterson1886 Missio	n
(83)	amuel, Wm	n
(49)	tockwitz Printing Co	k
(29) (83) (88) (49) (63) (31)	Culey & St. John 363 Cla	У
(177) (138)	Vagner Printing CoN. E. cor. 6th & Jessi	o e
(35) (38) (36)	West Coast Publishing Co	t
(36) (106)	Vest End Press2385 Californi	a
(44) (51)	Williams Printing Co348A Sansom	e
(51) (76) (112)	otype Machines. notype Machines. notype Machines. notype Machines. pilex Machines. pilex Machines. xrt Printery	t
(112)	Jours A	K

BOOKBINDERS

	BOOKBINDERS.
(222)	Barry, Edward & Co215 Leidesdorff Doyle, Edward J340 Sansome Foster & Futernick Company560 Mission
(233)	Gee & Son, R. S440 Sansome
(231)	Haule, A. L. Bindery Co509 Sansome
(225)	Hogan, John F. Co343 Front
(108)	Levison Printing Co1540 California
(175)	Marnell, William & Co77 Fourth
(131)	Malloye, Frank & Co251-253 Bush
(130)	McIntyre, John B440 Sansome
(81)	Pernau Publishing Co751 Market
(223)	Rotermundt, Hugo L45 Ecker
(200)	Slater, John A147-151 Minna
	Thumbler & Rutherford117 Grant Ave.
(133)	Webster, FredEcker and Stevenson

CARTON AND LABEL MANUFACTURERS. (161) Occidental Supply Co......580 Howard

LITHOGRAPHERS.

MAILERS.

(219) Rightway Mailing Agency.....880 Mission

NEWSPAPERS.

ŀ	NEWSPAPERS.
ı	(126) Ashbury Heights Advance1672 Haight
ı	(139) *Bien, S. F. Danish-Norwegian340 Sansome (8) *Bulletin767 Market
ı	(8) *Bulletin
ì	(121) *California DemokratCor. Annie and Jessie
ľ	(11) *Call and Post, TheNew Montg'my & Jessie
ı	(40) *ChronicleChronicle Building
ı	(123) *L'Italia Daily News118 Columbus Ave.
ı	(41) Coast Seamen's Journal59 Clay
ı	(25) *Daily News340 Ninth
ı	(94) *Journal of CommerceCor. Annie and Jessie
l	(21) Labor ClarionSixteenth and Capp
ľ	(141) *La Voce del Popolo641 Stevenson
ı	(57) *Leader, The643 Stevenson
ı	(141) *La Voce del Popolo
ı	(144) Organized Labor
ı	(156) Pacific Coast Merchant423 Sacramento
ı	(61) *Recorder, The643 Stevenson
ı	(32) *Richmond Record, The
ı	(7) *Star. The1122-1124 Mission

PRESSWORK.

(134)	Independent P	ress F	coom348A	Sansome
(103)	Lyons, J. F		33	0 Jackson
(122)	Periodical Pres	ss Roo	m509	9 Sansome

RURRER STAMPS

(83)	Samuel,	Wm16	Larkin

PHOTO-ENGRAVERS

	The state of the s
(201)	Bingley Photo-Engraving Co572 Mission
	Brown, Wm., Engraving Co
	109 New Montgomery
(97)	Commercial Art Eng. Co53 Third
(204)	Commercial Photo & Engraving Co563 Clay
(202)	Congdon Process Engraver311 Batter
	Franklin Photo Eng. Co118 Columbus Ave
(198)	San Francisco Engraving Co
	Western Process Engraving Co. 76 Second

STEREOTYPERS AND ELECTROTYPERS.

210)	Martin,	w.	W317	Front
------	---------	----	------	-------

UNION PHOTO-ENGRAVING FIRMS. Under Jurisdiction of S. F. Photo-Engr. Union No. 81

San Jose Engraving Co......32 Lightston St., San Jose Sutter Photo-Engr. Co......919 Sixth St., Sacramento Phoenix Photo-Engr. Co.....826 Webster St., Oakland Stockton Photo-Engr. Co...327 E. Weber St., Stockton

We Don't Patronize List.

The concerns named below are on the "We Don't Patronize" list of the San Francisco Labor Council. Members of labor unions and sympathizers are requested to cut this out and post it.

American Tobacco Company. Bekins Van & Storage Company. Butterick patterns and publications. Cahn, Nickelsburg & Co., boot and shoe. California Saw Works, 715 Brannan. Godeau, Julius S., undertaker. Graff Construction Co., Richmond, Cal. Gunst, M. A., cigar stores. Jellison's Cafe, 10 Third. Lastufka Bros., harness, 1059 Market. Levi Strauss & Co., garment makers. National Biscuit Co. of Chicago, products. Pacific Box Factory. Pacific Oil & Lead Works, 155 Townsend. Philharmonic Circola Italian Band. Pittsburg-Des Moines Steel Company. San Francisco "Examiner." Schmidt Lithograph Company. Sonoma Meat Market, 1534 Polk. Southern Pacific Company. United Cigar Stores. Victoria Cafeteria, 133 Powell. Western Pipe and Steel Company. White Lunch Cafeteria. Wyatt & Son, 1256 McAllister.

Typographical Topics

At the Providence convention of the I. T. U., held in 1914, a proposition was submitted to the membership for a referendum vote providing for an increase in the per capita tax of 5 cents per month, this amount to be added to the 15 cents per month now being paid for the maintenance of the Union Printers' Home. This 5 cents per month would make the per capita tax paid to the Home by each member 20 cents per month. The proposition, when submitted to the referendum after the Providence convention, met with defeat. It was the opinion of many of our members that this proposition was defeated because it was not thoroughly understood, and for the further reason that many of our members believed we were meeting a crisis in the printing business because of a general financial depression throughout this country and the world, caused by the great war that had then been waging but a short time. As was explained at that time, the increased per capita tax asked for was needed if the International Typographical Union intended to make provisions to care for its unfortunate members in this institution as they should be cared for and as they might need such care. During the last year the Home has been filled to its utmost capacity practically all of the time and there are at the present time about 25 of our unfortunate members whose applications for admission have been approved by the admission committee of the board of trustees who must await vacancies in the Home before they can be cared for. It is the purpose, if this increased per capita tax is adopted, to extend the hospital facilities of the institution so that for some time to come it will be possible to take care of all applicants for admission at the time the application is made. Members of No. 21 should give serious consideration to this referendum proposition, which will be voted on Wednesday, October 20th.

First Vice-President Schonhoff is seriously ill, being confined at his home with an aggravated attack of erysipelas.

A letter from Jas. S. Golden who, with Mrs. Golden, left San Francisco the first week of August for a visit to relatives in the East, contains the information that he has gone to West Baden, French Lick Springs, Ind., to find relief from an attack of rheumatism.

Claude K. Couse of the Williams Printing Company is confined at the Fairmont Hospital and will be glad to see any friends that may call.

C. W. Cody of the "Examiner" chapel, accompanied by Ralph Peters, major-domo of the Franklin Club, is enjoying a vacation at Crater Lake, near Klamath Falls, Oregon.

George Hansen, machinist on the Los Angeles "Record," well known in this city, is a visitor this week at the Exposition.

Frank D. Seiffert of Washington, D. C., a member of Columbus Typographical Union and president of the Allied Printing Trades Council of that city, is in San Francisco in attendance at the conclave of the Odd Fellows.

E. E. Lowe, who has been ill for two weeks in a local hospital, is convalescent.

To the Morning Paper Printer.

With never a thought for the midnight bell, Tomorrow becomes today,

As you work along at the linotype, 'Neath the bright electric ray.

The proofs are read, the forms made up With lightning-like express,

And a laugh and a song move you along When the paper goes to press.

-J. J. Galvin.

Directory of Labor Council Unions

Labor Council meets every Friday at 8 p. m. at Labor Pemple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Secretary's office and headquarters, San Francisco Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Executive and Arbitration Committee meets at headquarters every Monday at 7.30 p. m. Organizing Committee meets at headquarters on second Thursdays at 7.30 p. m. Label Committee meets at headquarters first and third Wednesdays. Law and Legislation Committee meets at call of chairman. Label Section meets first and third Wednesdays at 8 p. m. Headquarters phone—Market 56.

Alaska Fishermen-Meet Fridays 49 Clay.

Asphalt Workers-Meet 3d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Amalgamated Carpenters No. 1—Meet alternate Fridays, Building Trades Temple.

Amalgamated Carpenters No. 2—Meet Alternate Fridays, Building Trades Temple.

Amalgamated Carpenters No. 3—Meet Alternate Mondays, Building Trades Temple.

Amalgamated Carpenters No. 5—Meet Alternate Mondays, Building Trades Temple.

Automobile and Carriage Painters No. 1073—Meet Thursday evenings, Building Trades Temple.

Baggage Messengers-Meet 2d Mondays, 146 Steuart.

Bakers (Cracker) No. 125—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Bakers' Auxiliary (Cracker)-Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 1524 Powell. Bakers No. 24—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Bakery Wagon Drivers-Meet 4th Saturday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Barbers-Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, 112 Valencia.

Bartenders No. 41—Meet 1st Mondays at 2:30, other Mondays in evening, K. of P. Hall, McCoppin and Valencia.

ay and River Steamboatmen—Meet Sundays, headquarters, 10 East; Henry Huntsman, secretary.

Beer Drivers No. 227—Meet 2d Tuesdays and 4th Thursdays, head-quarters, 177 Capp. Beer Bottlers No. 293-Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, at headquarters, 177 Capp.

Bill Posters-Meet 2d and 4th Mondays

Bindery Women No. 125—Meet 3d Friday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Blacksmiths and Helpers No. 168—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. Boiler Makers No. 25—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Boiler Makers No. 205—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Boiler Makers No. 410—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Book Binders No. 31—Meet last Thursdays, Labor Temple. James D. Kelly, Business Agent, Underwood Building, 525 Market.

Boot and Shoe Workers No. 216—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Shoe Workers' Hall, 24th and Howard.

Bottle Caners—Meet 3d Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Box Makers and Sawyers—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 177 Capp.

Brass and Chandeller Workers No. 158—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.

Brewery Workmen No. 7—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays at headquarters, 177 Capp. Bridge and Structural Iron Workers No. 31—Meet Mondays, 224 Guerrero.

Broom Makers-Meet 3d Tuesday.

-Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. No. 508 (Slaughterhousemen)—Meet every Tuesday, Laurel

teenth and Capp.

Cemetery Employees—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Cement Workers No. 1—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.

Chauffeurs No. 265. I. B. of T.—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays in evening, 2d and 4th Thursdays in afternoon, at 215 Willow Avenue.

S. T. Dixon, Business Agent.

Cigar Makers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Cloth Hat and Cap Makers No. 9—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Jefferson Square Hall. J. J. Kane, Secretary, 112 Collingwood.

Composition Roofers No. 25—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Building

and Capp.

Cloth Hat and Cap Makers No. 9—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays,
Jefferson Square Hall. J. J. Kane, Secretary. 112 Collingwood.

Composition Roofers No. 25—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Building
Trades Temple.

Cooks' Helpers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays at headquarters, 338

Cooks Helpers—Meet 2d and 4th Weunesman.

Kearny.

Cooks No. 44—Meet 2d and 4th Thursday nights; headquarters, 83

Sixth.

Coopers No. 65—Meet 2d and 4th Thursday nights; headquarters, 83 Sixth.

Coopers No. 65—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Electrical Workers No. 6—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.

Electrical Workers No. 151—Thursdays, 112 Valencia.

Electrical Workers No. 537—Wednesdays, 146 Steuart.

Elevator Conductors and Starters No. 13,105—Meet 1st and 3d Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.

Elevator Constructors No. 8—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.

Federation of Federal Civil Service Employees—Meet 1st Tuesday, Pacific Building; headquarters 748 Pacific Building.

Furniture Handlers No. 1—Meet 2d and 4th Fridays, Building Trades Temple.

Garment Cutters—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Six-

Temple.

Garment Cutters—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Garment Workers No. 131—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Gas Appliance and Stove Fitters—Meet 2d and 4th Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Gas and Electric Fixture Hangers No. 404—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Building Trades Temple.

Gas and Water Workers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Building Trades Temple.

Glass Bottle, Planner Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Building Trades Temple.

Temple.

Glass Bottle Blowers—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays. Labor Temple.

Sixteenth and Capp.

Glove Workers—Meet 3d Friday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Granite Cutters—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.

Grocery Clerks—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays; headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; hours, 10 to 11 A. M.

Hoisting Engineers No. 59-Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple. Horseshoers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Housesmiths and Iron Workers No. 78—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.

House Movers-Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple. Ice Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp,

Iron, Tin and Steel Workers No. 5—Meet 1st and 2d Saturdays, Metropolitan Hall, South San Francisco.

Janitors—Meet 1st Monday and 3d Saturday, 8 P. M., Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Laundry Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Leather Workers on Horse Goods—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Brewery Workers' Hall.

Machine Hands—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Machinists' Auxiliary, Golden West Lodge No. 1—Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Machinists No. 68—Meet Wednesdays; headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Mailers-Meet 4th Monday, Underwood Building, 525 Market, Mantel, Grate and Tile Setters—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.

Marble Workers No. 44-Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Building Trades

Marble Cutters No. 38-Meet Second and 4th Mondays, Building Trades Temple. Marine Firemen, Oilers and Water Tenders-Meet Tuesdays, 58 Com-

Marine Gasoline Engineers No. 471-Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays. Metal Polishers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

and Capp.

Milkers—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays at Labor Temple; headquarters,
Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Milk Wagon Drivers-Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and

Millmen No. 422—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple

Millwrights No. 766-Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Molders' Auxiliary-Meets 1st Friday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and

Molders No. 164—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Mold Makers No. 66—Meet 1st Thursday, Roesch Building.

Moving Picture Operators, Local No. 162—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays,
10 A. M., at headquarters, Musicians' Hall, 68 Haight.

Musicians—Headquarters, 68 Haight.

Office Employees—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Six-

Painters No. 19-Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.

Pattern Makers—Meet 2d and 4th Friday nights at headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Pavers No. 18-Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. Photo Engravers No. 8—Meet 1st Sundays at 12 M., in Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Pile Drivers, Bridge and Structural Iron Workers—Meet Thursdays; headquarters, 457 Bryant.

Plasterers No. 66-Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple. Plumbers No. 442—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.

Postoffice Clerks—Meet 4th Thursdays, Knights of Columbus Hall.

Press Feeders and Assistants—Meet 2d Wednesdays, Labor Temple; headquarters, 557 Clay.

Printing Pressmen No. 24—Meet 2d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Rammermen—Meet 2d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. Retail Clerks No. 432—Meet Wednesdays, 8 P. M., K. of C. Hall. Retail Delivery Drivers—Meet at headquarters, 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Retail Shoe Clerks No. 410—Meet Tuesdays, 8 P. M., K. of P. Hall.

Riggers and Stevedores—Meet Mondays, 8 P. M., 74 Folsom. Sailors' Union of the Pacific—Meet Mondays, Maritime Hall Building,

59 Clay.
 Sall Makers—Meet at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
 Sheet Metal Workers No. 95—Meet 2d Thursdays, 224 Guerrero.
 Sheet Metal Workers No. 104—Meet Fridays, 224 Guerrero.
 Sign and Pictorial Painters No. 510—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.
 Soda and Mineral Water Bottlers—Meet 2d Fridays, Roesch Building.

Soda and Mineral Water Drivers—Meet 2d Friday, 177 Capp.
Stable Employees—Meet Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Stationary Firemen—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Capp.

Steam Engineers No. 64—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.

Steam Fitters and Helpers—Meet 1st and 3d Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Steam Fitters No. 509—Meet Tuesday evenings, 224 Guerrero.

Steam Laundry Workers—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; headquarters, Labor Temple.

Steam Shovelmen Dist. No. 4—Meet Wednesdays, 215 Hewes Building.

Stereotypers and Electrotypers—Meet 2d Sunday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Street Railway Employees—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.

Street Railway Employees—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple Sugar Workers—Meet 1st and 3d Sundays, Potrero Hall, Eighteenth and Texas.

Switchmen's Union No. 197—Meet 1st and 3d Sundays, 2876 Twenty-fourth.

fourth.
Tailors (Journeymen) No. 2—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Tailors No. 400—Meet 3d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Tailors No. 80—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, 240 Golden Gate Avenue.
Teamsters—Meet Thursdays; headquarters, 536 Bryant.
Teamsters No. 216—Meet Saturdays, Building Trades Temple.
Theatrical Employees—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 11 A. M., 68 Haight.
Tobacco Workers—Meet 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple. Miss M.
Kerrigap, Secretary, 290 Freenont.

Tobacco Workers—Meet 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple. Miss M. Kerrigan, Secretary, 290 Fremont.
Typographical No. 21—Meets last Sunday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; headquarters, Room 701, Underwood Bldg., \$25 Market, Undertakers—Meet or call at 3567 Seventeenth.
United Glass Workers—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple, United Laborers of S. F.—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple, Upholsterers—Meet Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Waiters No. 30—Meet 1st Wednesday, 2:30 P. M., other Wednesday evenings at headquarters, 14 Seventh.
Waitresses No. 48—Meet Wednesdays, 149 Masen.
Web Pressmen—Meet 4th Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Ladies' Auxiliary to Label Section—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. Anti-Jap Laundry League—313-14 Anglo Bldg., Sixteenth and Mission.

Notes in Union Life

During the week just closed the following members of San Francisco unions passed away: Victor Carlson of the riggers and stevedores, William P. Goheen of the boiler makers, Adolph Schwartz of the gas and water workers, Ivan Martinsen of the marine cooks.

The International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers convened in annual convention in the civic auditorium in this city last Monday morning. Reports of President Mc-Clory and Secretary-Treasurer Jones show the organization to be in a healthy and prosperous condition. The convention is largely attended.

The grand ball to be given by the Beer Bottlers' Union on Saturday, October 23rd, promises to be one of the big events of the year in trade union circles.

Members of the San Francisco Letter Carriers' Mutual Aid Association have completed plans for a wonderful masquerade ball to be given in the Civic Center Auditorium Saturday evening, October 23rd. The masquerade ball is an annual event with the mailmen but this year's ball is going to eclipse any ever before given by the association and promises to be one of the most magnificent and colorful ever held in the big auditorium. It will mark a fitting climax to the social events given by the letter carriers during the Exposition year and the community at large will be invited to join in the festivities. President James P. Mulhern has selected a committee of fifty of the most prominent members of the association to complete plans for special features for the evening. This committee is already hard at work and several distinct surprises are being planned. The advance sale of tickets will commence immediately and provision will be made to have tickets on sale at many places that will be convenient to the general public. The executive committee in charge of the ball included the following: P. J. Whelan, chairman; J. J. Lane, Herbert Thal, George Krausgrill, Jake Meier, John J. Shea, William Capel, H. Schatzle, William Dunbar, George N. Ahrens, Louis Liebriecht, Courtland Walker, Joseph Mc-Gill, Thomas McIntyre, Dan Lynch, John Ryan, Clinton Ross and James P. Mulhern.

Commissioner Will J. French of the State Industrial Accident Commission has been delegated to attend the second annual session of the National Association of Industrial Accident Boards, which will be held in Seattle, September 30th to October 2nd, inclusive. French will address the convention on "California's Safety Work."

ELECT OUR FRIEND

THOS. F.

DO IT TUESDAY

PHILADELPHIA SHOE

UNION STAMPED SHOES

FOR MEN. WOMEN and CHILDREN-Shoes for every occasion—the GREATEST VARIETY - THE BEST QUALITY at THE LOWEST PRICES. ::

For the past 34 years we have catered to the UNION TRADE, and ours is the only store where



EVERY SALESMAN HAS HIS UNION CARD

Store Open Saturday Evenings

B. KATSCHINSKI The Greatest Shoe House in the M MARKETST OFFICE TOOK TOOK

San Francisco's Union

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Steamfitters' and Helpers' Union No. 509 will give a grand ball in the auditorium of the Labor Temple tomorrow, Saturday, night, September

Levi Strauss & Co. are unfair to organized labor and their products should be shunned by all trade unionists and their families.

The Bakers' Union is to give a grand entertainment and ball in the auditorium of the Labor Temple on Saturday evening, October 9th. Detailed arrangements are now being made.

William P. Hannon, vice-president of the International Association of Machinists, has received a report from the executive board of the association informing him that the machinists have won their demands without resorting to strike for an increase of wages of from 15 to 30 per cent, and a reduction of work hours from ten to eight, in all cities, East and South, except in four cases, which are still pending.

The union carpenters of the bay counties, by referendum vote, have rejected the proposition of a six-hour workday at \$3.75 a day during the winter months, as a possible solution of unemployment. A small vote was cast on the proposi-

The Milk Wagon Drivers' Union will hold its quarterly session in the Labor Temple Wednesday night, October 6th. After a brief business session there will be an entertainment and a banquet, at which officers and delegates to the annual convention of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, which will convene in this city October 4th, will be the guests of honor.

The journeymen butchers of the bay cities are making preparations for the annual convention of the California Federation of Butchers, which will meet in Oakland October 3d.

Andrew Furuseth, secretary of the Sailors' Union of the Pacific and president of the national organization, is representing the sailors as a delegate to the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, which convened in Vancouver, B. C., September 20th.

The California State Federation of Labor will hold its annual session in Santa Rosa commencing Monday, October 4th, and remain in session until the business of the convention shall be dis-

posed of. Matters of vital importance to the wage earners of California will have to be decided during that session. Practically every labor organization will be represented at the convention. The trade unionists of Santa Rosa and of Sonoma County have prepared a program of merit for the entertainment of visiting delegates and their friends.

The International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs and Stable Employees will meet in convention in San Francisco on Monday, October 4th, and will continue in session for at least one week, if not longer. Delegates will be in attendance from every part of the country, and the convention promises to be one of the largest and most interesting of labor conventions of the Exposition period. The local unions of the teamsters, chauffeurs and stable employees have arranged many events for the entertainment of delegates and visitors.

The Wireless Operators' Union No. 34 inaugurated a strike last Tuesday against the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company on account of unsatisfactory conditions of work and unsatisfactory wages. The union men are called off upon reaching this harbor. The Water Front Federation is giving the union moral and financial sup-

The Central Labor Council of Alameda County has adopted resolutions upholding the stand of the Oakland Carmen's Union in its controversy with the San Francisco-Oakland Terminal Railroad. The resolutions state that the council will support the union "with every means at their command, to the end that their rights be up-

Musicians' Union No. 6 has declared a boycott against the picnic to be given by the United Railroads at Glen Park September 24th and 25th, because the music on that occasion will be furnished by a non-union band composed of employees of the company.

The Barbers' Union will arrange an entertainment for its international officers, who will be here during the convention of the American Federation of Labor. Secretary Roe H. Baker reports that his union has more than doubled its membership in the last five years.

Advertising Dept. of The Albert S. Samu Is Co.

To Union People Only AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY

For any Union Man in good standing to get a watch on a novel plan From our Advertising Department to introduce you all to our store

And Our High-Grade Famous

ILLINOIS WATCH

ON OUR

FIRST PAYMENT 10c MOVIE PLAN

YOU GET THE WATCH RIGHT OFF THE REEL



10c FIRST PAYMENT

A HIGH GRADE 17 JEWEL.

Thin model in 12 or 16 size, having 17 jewels, Patent Regulator, steel escape wheel. A modern, latest 4 bridge model Illinois movement. Fitted in extra qual-

ity, gold filled case, warranted 20 years.
This Illinois watch is recognized by all experts to be the best watch value in the market. The Illinois Watch Co. is famous for the high standard quality of their product, and this is one of their leaders. Each and every one absolutely guaranteed in every detail.

ALSO HAMILTON, HOWARD, EIGIN, WALTHAM WATCHES

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY For any Union Man in good standing to get a watch on a novel plan

ANY UNION MAN IN GOOD STAND-ING GETS THE WATCH ON FIRST PAYMENT. DON'T MISS THIS OP-PORTUNITY.

This is How You Pay:

1st Week	\$0.10	16th Week	1.40
2nd Week	0.20	17th Week	1.30
3rd Week	0.30	18th Week	1.20
4th Week	0.40	19th Week	1.10
5th Week	0.50	20th Week	1.00
6th Week	0.60	21st Week	0.90
7th Week	0.70	22nd Week	0.80
8th Week	0.80	23rd Week	0.70
9th Week	0.90	24th Week	0.60
10th Week	1.00	25th Week	0.50
11th Week	1.10	26th Week	0.40
12th Week	1.20	27th Week	0.30
13th Week	1.30	28th Week	0.20
14th Week	1.40	29th Week	0.10
15th Week	1.50		-
		-	

Total \$22.50

WE WILL SELL YOU A LADIES' WATCH OR A DIAMOND ON SAME PLAN.

ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT OF

THE ALBERT S. SAMUELS CO.



895 Market Street, next to Fifth